

A Focus on Results Rather than Means An Integrated Model of Literacy Research and Media Blended into the Standards as a Whole Shared Responsibility for Students' Literacy Development Focus and Coherence in Instruction and Assessment

Critical Areas of Focus Being Addressed:

- o Reading Strand
- Writing Strand
- Speaking and Listening Strand
- Language Strand

Content Statements Addressed and Whether they are Knowledge, Reasoning, Performance Skill, or Product:				Underpinning Targets Corresponding with Standards and Whether they are Knowledge, Reasoning,
(DOK1)	(DOK2)	(DOK3)	(DOK4)	Performance Skill, or Product: "I can", "Students Will
				Be Able To"
Reading	Literature			
Key Ideas and Details				
<u>RL.11</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support 12.1 analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as			<u>RL.11-12.1</u> DOK 1 Recognize strong and thorough textual evidence within the text	

	inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	DOK 2 Explain inferences drawn from the text Interpret how the text uses ambiguity or leaves matters uncertain Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support the text (explicit and inferred)
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.2</u>	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL.11-12.2 DOK 1 Identify two or more themes or central ideas of a text. Explain how the themes or central ideas interact and build on one another to produce a complex account Know how to write an objective summary
		DOK 2 Analyze how the text develops two or more central ideas or themes throughout a text Interpret how the text supports the themes or central ideas to produce a complex account of the text. Formulate an objective summary that includes how the text builds upon the central ideas or themes to produce a complex account of the text
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.3</u>	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	<u>RL.11-12.3</u> DOK 1 Identify key elements of a story or drama Identify key choices the author made that relate elements of the story
		DOK 2 Explain how the author's choices (setting, order of events, character change/ motivations/Interactions) relate the elements of a story or drama Analyze how the decisions the author made regarding setting, order of events, etc. impacted the story

Craft and Structure		<u>RL.11-12.4</u>
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.4</u>	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	DOK 1 Identify: • words and phrases • figurative words and phrases • connotative words and phrases • words that impact meaning and tone • multiple meaning words • language that is fresh, engaging, or beautiful in a text DOK 2 Determine the: • meanings of words and phrases • figurative meanings of words and phrases • connotative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in a text Analyze the impact of specific words on meaning and tone, including: • words with multiple meanings • language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.5</u>	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	 RL.11-12.5 DOK 1 Identify the author's specific style choices Identify aesthetic impact: • (e.g., historical context • emotional appeal • and artistic appeal) DOK 2 Analyze how the author's choices contribute to the: • overall structure • meaning • aesthetic impact
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.6</u>	Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	 <u>RL.11-12.6</u> DOK 1 Recognize: • denotation/connotation and/or • literal/non-literal meaning Identify examples, such as: • satire • sarcasm • irony • understatement from the text DOK 2 Compare/contrast what is directly stated in a text with the implied or inferred meaning (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) Using the non-literal interpretation, identify the author's point of view Analyze how knowing the author's point of view helps the reader identify the true meaning of the text

0	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)	 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas <u>RL.11-12.7</u> DOK 1 Define source text Identify two or more interpretations of text (story, drama, poem) DOK 2 Explain multiple interpretations: • recorded/live play • recorded novel • recorded poetry of (story, drama, poem) analyzing how each interprets source text Evaluate how an artist chooses to interpret an entire work
<u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.9</u>	Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	 RL.11-12.9 DOK 1 Describe the historical context of 18th, 19th, or 20th century Identify foundational works of 18th, 19th, or 20th century DOK 2 Distinguish between theme and topic Determine the theme or themes of foundational works of American Literature Compare/contrast the treatment of similar themes from two or more texts from the 18th, 19th, or early 20th century Compare/contrast the treatment of similar topics from two or more texts from the 18th, 19th, early 20th century

Range <u>RL.11-</u> <u>12.10</u>	of Reading and Level of Text Complexity By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11– CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity <u>RL.11-12.10</u> DOK 1 Identify/understand in literary text: • key ideas and details • craft and structure • integration of knowledge and ideas at appropriate complexity (qualitative, Quantitative & Reader and Task) as seen in standards 1 - 9 DOK 2 Comprehend independently in literary text: • key ideas and details • craft and structure • integration of knowledge and ideas at appropriate CCR complexity (qualitative, quantitative and Reader and Task) as seen in standards 1 - 9, with scaffolding as needed
Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details		Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details
<u>RI.11-</u> <u>12.1</u>	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	 <u>RI.11-12.1</u> DOK 1 Recognize strong and thorough textual evidence within the text DOK 2 Explain inferences drawn from the text Interpret how the text uses ambiguity or leaves matters uncertain Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support the text (explicit and inferred)
<u>RI.11-</u> <u>12.2</u>	Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a	<u>RI.11-12.2</u> DOK 1 Identify central ideas of the text. Identify specific details that support the development of central ideas

complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	DOK 2 Define complex analysis Analyze how two or more central ideas of a text interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis Interpret how the text supports key ideas with specific details Formulate an objective summary that includes how two or more central ideas interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis
Craft and Structure	Craft and Structure
RI.11- Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> No. 10).	 RI.11-12.4 DOK 1 Identify: • words and phrases • figurative words and phrases • connotative words and phrases • technical words and phrases in a text Identify key terms in a text DOK 2 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including: • figurative • connotative • technical meanings Analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text
RI.11- 12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	 <u>RI.11-12.5</u> DOK 1 Identify the structure of the exposition or argument Identify the points an author makes in an exposition or argument DOK 2 Based on the structure of the exposition or argument: • evaluate whether or not the points are clear • evaluate whether or not the points are convincing • evaluate whether or not the points are engaging for the reader Analyze the overall effectiveness of the structure of the

	exposition or argument
RI.11- 12.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	 RI.11-12.6 DOK 1 Identify: • rhetorical techniques • persuasive techniques • stylistic techniques Explain the author's point of view or purpose DOK 2 Analyze how an author uses crafts and details to develop ideas Determine how the author uses rhetorical devices to influence the audience Analyze : • how style and content support the point of view or purpose • the effects of style and content as they contribute to the effectiveness
 RI.11- Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features. 	RI.11-12.9 DOK 1 Identify the: • theme • purpose • rhetorical features of U.S. documents of historical and literary significance DOK 2 Analyze the: • theme • purpose • rhetorical of U.S. documents of historical and literary significance of 18th, 19th, or 20th century
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
RI.11- 12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of	<u>RI.11-12.10</u> DOK 1 Identify/understand: • key ideas and details • craft and structure • integration of knowledge and ideas at appropriate complexity

	the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.	(Qualitative, Quantitative and Reader and Task) as seen in standards 1 - 9 DOK 2 Comprehend independently: • key Ideas and details • craft and structure • integration of knowledge and ideas at appropriate complexity (Qualitative, Quantitative and Reader and Task) as seen in standards 1-9
Writin Text T	lg ypes and Purposes	
Resea	rch to Build and Present Knowledge	Research to Build and Present Knowledge
<u>W.11-</u> <u>12.7</u>	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	 W.11-12.7 DOK 1 Identify: • appropriate short and sustained research topics • multiple sources on the subject of the research Access reference materials (both print and electronic material) Narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate. DOK 2 Evaluate the credibility of sources Construct and refine research questions Synthesize information from multiple sources Conduct steps for short as well as sustained research projects to answer a question Conduct short and sustained research to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem
<u>W.11-</u> <u>12.8</u>	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each	DOK 1 Recognize strengths and weaknesses of a source based on the task, purpose, and audience Define plagiarism

o maintainRecognize authoritative sourcesreliance onCite in standard formats	source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
evidence to support conclusions about the text accessed through research Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitlyo literature enth-, y ure, including eriod treatDOK 2 Draw evidence from key ideas and details as support for research Analyze key ideas and details in a text as evidence for 	 W.11- Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). b. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").
	Range of Writing

<u>W.11-</u> <u>12.10</u>	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Range of Writing <u>W.11-12.10</u> DOK 1 Recognize: • task • audience • purposes DOK 2 Determine when to write: • routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) • routinely over shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) Determine organizational structure for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences DOK 3 Writes routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) Writes routinely over shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two)
Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration		Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration
<u>12.1</u>	 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas. 	 SL.11-12.1 DOK 1 Identify key supporting ideas from reading and research Describe expectations for civil and democratic discussion and decision-making Identify diverse perspectives in text and presented Know how to ask thought- provoking questions Identify new information posed during discussion Identify conclusions posed during discussion or in text DOK 2 Analyze & evaluate text, comments, claims, and evidence posed Synthesize comments, claims, and evidence for all sides of an issue Evaluate discussions and decision- making processes

Г

	d.Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research	Determine goals, deadlines, and individual roles for discussion groups Formulate opinions, ideas, and conclusions based on prior and new evidence
	is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	Compare and contrast opinions and facts posed by peers on the designated issue or topic
		Evaluate personal conclusions and the conclusions of others
		DOK 3 Engage in a variety of discussions by listening and sharing acquired and prior knowledge of grade 11- 12 topics and texts
		Facilitate discussions over designated grade 11-12 topics
		Collaborate to develop guidelines for successful discussion and decision-making
		Follow agreed-upon guidelines for discussion
		Pose and respond to questions to probe reasoning and evidence
		Converse to resolve contradictions
		Determine additional information needed to further the investigation or complete the task
		Consider all positions on a topic or issue and respond thoughtfully
		Reference evidence from texts and research to support comments and ideas
		Question or respond to clarify, verify, or challenge
		conclusions posed by others
		Make connections to new evidence or reasoning posed to justify personal viewpoints
SL.11-	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in	to justify personal viewpoints
12.2	diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively,	DOK 1 Identify and integrate information from multiple
	orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve	sources presented in diverse media (e.g. • visually •
	problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each	quantitatively • orally)
	source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	

		DOK 2 Evaluate credibility of integrated sources of information presented: • visually • quantitatively • orally Evaluate accuracy of integrated sources of information presented: • visually • quantitatively • orally Integrate multiple sources of information presented • visually • quantitatively • orally Determine discrepancies among the data to make informed decisions and to solve problems
12.3 evidence	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	DOK 1 Define and identify a speaker's: • use of rhetoric • point of view • reasoning • use of evidence • stance • tone • choice of words • points of emphasis • links among ideas • premises
		DOK 2 Evaluate a speaker's point of view by assessing: • stance • premises • links among ideas • word choice • points of emphasis • tone Evaluate a speaker's reasoning by assessing: • stance • premises • links among ideas • word choice • points of emphasis • tone Evaluate a speaker's use of evidence and rhetoric by assessing: • stance • premises • links among ideas • word choice • points of emphasis • tone
Presentation of	f Knowledge and Ideas	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
12.4 conveying listeners opposin	information, findings, and supporting evidence, ng a clear and distinct perspective, such that s can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or g perspectives are addressed, and the organization, ment, substance, and style are appropriate to	SL.11-12.4 DOK 1 Identify: • information/findings • clear, distinct perspective Recognize that presentation of information is determined by analysis of purpose, audience, and task Recognize that issues generate alternative and opposing

 SL.11- Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, 12.6 demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.) 	 perspectives DOK 2 Determine: • supporting evidence • logical organization • alternative or opposing viewpoints and appropriate: • development • substance • style to: • purpose • audience • range of formal and inform tasks DOK 3 Present: • information • findings • supporting evidence conveying a clear and distinct perspective so that listeners can follow the line of reasoning Include: • alternative perspectives • opposing perspectives Utilize appropriate: • organization • development • substance • style for: • purpose • audience • a range of formal and informal SL.11-12.6 DOK 1 Describe audience, situation, and purpose Identify qualities of formal and informal speech Describe formal and informal settings (The underpinning knowledge targets are found in Language Standards 1 and 3) DOK 2 Evaluate audience needs (including perceptions and misconceptions) Distinguish between formal and informal speech Analyze the situation to determine if it requires formal or informal language DOK 3 Adapt speech to a given context or task when speaking Demonstrate correct language usage for spoken English Adjust from formal to informal language as appropriate
Language	Language

Conventions of Standard English		Conventions of Standard English
<u>12.1</u> Engli a	 onstrate command of the conventions of standard ish grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g.,<i>Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern American Usage</i>) as needed. 	 L.11-12.1 DOK 1 Recognize that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested Identify issues of complex or contested usage consulting references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern American Usage) as needed DOK 2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing: Apply understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested Resolve issues of complex or contested usage consulting references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern American Usage) as needed DOK 3 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when speaking
<u>12.2</u> Engli writi	onstrate command of the conventions of standard ish capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when ng. . Observe hyphenation conventions.	L.11-12.2 DOK 1 Apply correct capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing Know punctuation rules for hyphen usage Use hyphens in phrases and clauses Recall and apply spelling rules Identify and correct misspelled words

b. Spell correctly.

Knowledge of Language

- **L.11-** Apply knowledge of language to understand how language
- **12.3** functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
 - a. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's *Artful Sentences*) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.
- L.11- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple 12.4 meaning words and phrases based on *grades 11–12 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., *conceive, conception, conceivable*).
 - c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
 - d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred

Knowledge of Language

<u>L.11-12.3</u> **DOK 1** Understand how language functions in different contexts

DOK 2 Understand: • style • syntax Apply knowledge of language to: • determine how language functions in different contexts • to make effective choices for meaning or style • to comprehend more fully when reading or listening Vary syntax for effect when writing, consulting references when needed Apply knowledge of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading

DOK 1 Recognize context clues (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) Identify words and phrases that have multiple meanings Recognize patterns of word changes that indicate meaning or part of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable)

Consult specialized and general print and digital reference materials to find: • word pronunciation • meaning • part of speech • etymology • standard usage

DOK 2 Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a multiple meaning or unknown word or phrase Use patterns of word changes to determine meaning (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable) Choose flexibly from a range of vocabulary strategies to determine or clarify the meaning of an unknown or

meaning in context or in a dictionary).	multiple-meaning word or phrase Verify preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase
 L.11- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word 12.5 relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	 DOK 1 Define figures of speech (e.g. hyperbole, paradox) Recognize figures of speech within the text Identify words with similar denotations Recognize nuances in the meaning of words with similar meanings DOK 2 Interpret figures of speech (e.g. hyperbole, paradox) Analyze the role of figurative language within the text Determine how figurative language impacts a text's purpose Analyze nuances in the meanings of words with similar denotations
L.11- Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain- 12.6 specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	L.11-12.6 DOK 1 Identify academic and domain- specific words and phrases sufficient for: • reading • writing • speaking and listening Recognize and gather words and phrases important to comprehension or expression Identify appropriate resources to aid in gathering vocabulary knowledge
	DOK 2 Make meaning and use accurately words and phrases important to the comprehension of academic and domain-specific words through: • reading • writing • speaking and listening Acquire and use appropriate contextual clues when demonstrating independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge Select appropriate resources to aid in gathering vocabulary knowledge
	DOK 3 Use general academic and domain-specific words

and phrases at the college and career readiness level, sufficient for: • reading • writing • speaking and
listening
Use appropriate contextual clues when demonstrating
independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge.
Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary
knowledge by: • contextual clues • references/resource